Network Goal Analysis Survey

Example

PREVIEW SCREEN SHOTS for hypothetical user/analyst's goal about:

Achieving Our Mission

Sample items only (to keep preview quick).

Many more pages of items are in the Qualtrics survey to capture all between-entity linkages needed for the network goal analysis from dynamic network theory, but these pages illustrate how the major arcs / links are assessed in the method on the designated goal of the system.

2. WHAT IS YOUR GOAL? Achieve Our Mission

1. Who is most involved with your goal: "Achieve Our Mission"? Please list broad category names (as first/main step), specific names, or sources that come most quickly and naturally to your mind when thinking about who's helping or hurting your goal pursuit. Use only the boxes you need and skip the rest.

1st entity: Write "You" (or a code name for you in this box)	Actor 1 (You)
2nd entity involved	Actor 2
3rd entity involved	Actor:
4th entity involved	Actor 4
5th entity involved	Actor 5
6th entity involved	Actor 6
7th entity involved	Actor 7
8th entity involved	
9th entity involved	
10th entity involved	
11th entity involved	
12th entity involved	
13th entity involved	
14th entity involved	
15th entity involved	
16th entity involved	
17th entity involved	
18th entity involved	
19th entity involved	
20th entity involved	
21st entity involved	
22nd entity involved	
23rd entity involved	
24th entity involved	
25th entity involved	
26th entity involved	
27th entity involved	
28th entity involved	
29th entity involved	
30th entity involved	

1. How often are the entities below independently working on the goal for you: "Achieve Our Mission", such as on their own or by themselves? Note: Your first rating in the first row below is asking how often you are independently working on your goal as well.							
	Not often (or not relevant)	Sometimes	Often	Very Often	Don't know		
Actor 1 (You)	\circ	\circ	\bigcirc		\circ		
Actor 2	0		\circ	0	0		
Actor 3		\circ	\bigcirc	\circ	\circ		
Actor 4		\circ	\circ	\circ	0		
Actor 5		\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ		
Actor 6		0	0	\circ	0		
Actor 7		0	\circ	\circ	\circ		

System Support	
The next set of questions examine how entities in the network, including	vourself,

are providing help or support to others around the goal.

1. How often do/does "Actor 1 (You)" help or support each of the following entities in order for you to achieve your goal: "Achieve Our Mission"? This is asking how often you need to help others to help you get things done for your own goal.

	Not often (or not relevant)	Sometimes	Often	Very often	Don't know
Actor 2	\circ	\circ	\bigcirc		0
Actor 3		\circ	\circ	\circ	0
Actor 4		\circ	\circ	\circ	0
Actor 5		\circ	\circ	\circ	0
Actor 6		\circ	\circ	\circ	0
Actor 7	•	0	0	0	0

1. How often do/does "Actor 2" help or support each of the following entities in order for you to achieve your goal: "Achieve Our Mission"?						
	Not often (or not relevant)	Sometimes	Often	Very often	Don't know	
Actor 1 (You)	\circ	\circ	\circ		\circ	
Actor 3		0	\circ	\circ	\circ	
Actor 4		\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	
Actor 5		0	\circ	\circ	\circ	
Actor 6		0	0	0	0	
Actor 7		0	\circ	0	0	

1. How often does each of the following entities get feedback about your goal: "Achieve Our Mission"?						
	Not often (or not relevant)	Sometimes	Often	Very often	Don't know	
Actor 1 (You)	\circ	\circ		\circ	\circ	
Actor 2	0	0		0	0	
Actor 3		0	\circ	\circ	\circ	
Actor 4	0		0	\circ	\circ	
Actor 5	0		0	\circ	\circ	
Actor 6		0	0	0	0	
Actor 7		0	0	0	0	

Direct	Goal	Prev	enting
--------	------	-------------	--------

The following questions examine if entities in your network are independently doing things, which obstructs your goal. If no such obstruction exists, you can simply select "Not often (or not relevant)" for some or all of those entities.

1. How often do the following entities do things that can independently obstruct your goal: "Achieve Our Mission", such as on their own or by themselves? Note: Your first response in the first row here represents if you ever do things that can independently obstruct your own goal.

	Not often (or not relevant)	Sometimes	Often	Very often	Don't know
Actor 1 (You)		\circ	\bigcirc	\circ	0
Actor 2		0	0	\circ	0
Actor 3	\circ		\bigcirc	\circ	0
Actor 4		0	\circ	\circ	0
Actor 5		\circ	\bigcirc	\circ	0
Actor 6		0	0	\circ	0
Actor 7		0	0	\circ	0

Supportive Resisting Example:

"Actor 4"							
1. How often do/does "Actor 4" engage with the entities below which can obstruct your goal: "Achieve Our Mission"?							
	Not often (or not relevant)	Sometimes	Often	Very often	Don't know		
Actor 1 (You)		\circ	\circ	\circ	\bigcirc		
Actor 2		0	0	0	0		
Actor 3	\circ		\circ	\circ	\circ		
Actor 5		0	0	0	0		
Actor 6		\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ		
Actor 7		0	0	\circ	0		

System	Negating	Example:
--------	----------	----------

"Actor 5"			

1. If "Actor 5" get(s) into a conflict with any of the entities below in relation to your goal ("Achieve Our Mission"), how often do/does "Actor 5" react constructively to each entity below? If there no conflict, you can click on "There is often no conflict (NA)".

	There is no conflict (NA)	Not constructive in this conflict	Sometimes constructive in this conflict	Often constructive in this conflict	Very often constructive in this conflict	Don't know
Actor 1 (You)		0	0	0	0	0
Actor 2		\circ	0	\circ	0	0
Actor 3		\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	0
Actor 4	\circ	\circ	\circ		\circ	0
Actor 6		\circ	0	\circ	0	0
Actor 7		0	0	0	0	0

Source/reference for this simple document:

• James D. Westaby (2021). Network goal analysis survey preview from dynamic network theory. Downloaded from https://www.tc.columbia.edu/dnl/surveys/

The calculator is based on dynamic network theory (DNT). Feel free to check out the following, if/when interested in understanding this theory more deeply:

- Westaby, J. D. (2012). *Dynamic network theory: How social networks influence goal pursuit.* Washington, DC: American Psychological Association. (The original theory).
- Westaby, J. D., Pfaff, D. L., & Redding, N. (2014). Psychology and social networks: A dynamic network theory perspective. *American Psychologist*, 69, 269-284. (Free copy available on website shown below).
- Westaby, J. D. & Parr, A. K. (2020). Network goal analysis of social and organizational systems: Testing dynamic network theory in complex social networks. *Journal of Applied Behavioral Science*, 56(1), 107-129.
- Westaby, J. D., & Shon, D. (2017). Simulating the social networks in human goal striving. In R. R. Vallacher, S. J., Read, & A. Nowak (Eds.), Computational models in social psychology (1st ed.). pp. 231-257. New York, NY: *Psychology Press (Frontiers of Psychology series*).
- Westaby, J. D., Woods, N., & Pfaff, D. L. (2016). Extending dynamic network theory to group and social interaction analysis: Uncovering key behavioral elements, cycles, and emergent states. *Organizational Psychology Review*, 6, 34-62.

Website:

www.DvnamicNetworkLab.Org or www.tc.columbia.edu/dnl

Dynamic Network Lab Program in Social-Organizational Psychology, TC, Columbia University Founder and Director: Professor James D. Westaby 525 W. 120th Street New York, NY 10027